

SAY Building Department Demolition of Building Building

DATE:
ADDRESS:
Purpose for permit:
Site Information
Civic Address:
Title Search (must be 14 days or newer)
Type of building being demolished:
Home Modular / Manufactured Accessory Commercial
Demolition permit will be complete when all of components of demolished building are removed from the property and building site is level with grade containing no depressions owaste attributed to said demolition.
Please see the Building Permit Brochure for more nformation
More information can be found in the Skowkale Building and Servicing Regulation

June 2021 (11. Applications for standard buildings)



Addresses and Telephone Numbers

<u>For existing</u> First Nations Health Authority Sewage Systems #7, 7201 Vedder Road

Chilliwack, V2R 4G5 Kavindya.peiris@fnha.ca or lldiko.herr@fnha.ca

For new

Sewage Systems https://www.fraserhealth.ca/

Gas & Electrical Permits BC Safety Authority

P. 1-866-566-7233

www.technicalsafetybc.ca

Ministry of Transportation

45890 Victoria Avenue, Chilliwack

and Infrastructure P. 604-795-8211

BC Housing <u>www.bchousing.org</u>

BC Building/Plumbing/Fire Codes <u>www.bccodes.ca</u> <u>p: 1-800-663-6105</u>



2023 10 25

Building Permits



This brochure has been prepared for your convenience. It is neither a law nor a legal document. For more detailed requirements, please refer to the current Subdivision, Development and Servicing Law and the B.C. Building Code.

(The Law is available online at www.saylandsoffice.ca.)

When is a building permit required?

The Subdivision, Development and Servicing Law specifies when a building permit is required. Please contact the SAY Lands Office before starting any construction which you think may require a permit. Examples of projects which may require a building permit include:

- Constructing, altering renovating or changing the use of any building or part of a building.
- Finishing previously unfinished areas such as basements or enclosing a carport or porch area.
- Demolishing all or a portion of any building or structure.
- Moving any building, structure or mobile home into or within the First Nation.
- Placing on any land a manufactured or factory-built home or any housing component or modular structure.
- Installing solid fuel or oil burning appliances and chimneys.
- Installing or altering any plumbing works or services.
- Installing or altering a swimming pool enclosure/fence.
- Constructing or altering a retaining wall 1.2 meters (47 inches) or more above finished grade measured at any point within 1.2 meters (47 inches) from the face of the wall or structure.
- Erecting any permanent sign which has an overall dimension in any direction of more than 6 feet.



When should I apply for my Permit?

You are advised to apply well in advance of your proposed start date as processing time varies depending on the complexity of the project and completeness of the application.

Specific Construction which does not require a building permit

The Subdivision, Development and Servicing Law specifies when a building permit is required. Please contact the SAY Lands Office before starting any construction which you think may require a permit. Examples of projects which **DO NOT** require a building permit include:

6.2. Notwithstanding subsection 6.1, this Regulation does not apply to:

!'5 nything exempted in a Skowkale Law or Regulation buildings or structures exempted by the Building Code, except as expressly provided herein;

!'Fetaining structures less than 1 metre (3.3 feet) in height, unless the retaining structure are part of a rip rap structure;

!'8 ecks without roofs having a difference in elevation to grade not exceeding 0.6 metres (2' feet);

!'FYd`UWYa YbhcZfccZjb['a UhYf]Ug'dfcj]XYX'h\ Uhbc'glfi Wfi fU'k cf_']g'XcbY/ !'91]ghjb['ZjfYd`UWYžk ccX'Vi fb]b['Udd`]UbWY'cf'ZUWVcfmWcbglfi WNYX'W[]a bYmcf'a Ugcbfm W[]a bYmg/

!'H\ Y'fYdU]f'cf'fYd`UWYa YbhcZU'j U'j YžZJi WYhžZJI hi fYžgdf]b_`Yf'\ YUX'cf'd]d]b[']b'U
d`i a V]b['gnghYa 'cZbc'W Ub[Y']b'd]d]b['WcbZJ[i fUr]cb']g'fYei]fYX/
!'FYWYUIJcbU'j Y\]WYg'i gYX'Zcf'hYa dcfUfmUWWta a cXUIJcb'cZ`Ygg'h\ Ub'h\]fhmifl \$£'XUng'dYf'
WU YbXUf'mYUf'Zcf'fYWYUIJcb'cf'j UWUIJcb'di fdcgYg'cb`mUbX'h\ Uhia UmVY'd`i [[YX']b'hc'
Y'YWf]WU'gYfj]WYg'Vi hUfY'bchWebbYWNYX'hc'gYk Yf'cf'k UhYf'gYfj]WYg/'UbX
glfi Wi fYg'gi W' 'Ug'[fYYb\ ci gYg'cf'ghcfU[Y'ZJNJ]]h]Yg'h\ UhUfY'Webglfi WNYX'cZU'k ccXžghYY'
cf'd`Ugh]WZfUa Y'Wej YfYX'k]h\ 'g\ YYhdc`mYh\ m`YbYžZJNf]WEHJfdg'cf'[`Ugg'h\ Uh'UfY']bhYbXYX'hc'
VY'i gYX'hYa dcfUf]`mcb'UgYUgcbU'VUg]g'UbX'a Um'VY'fYa cj YX'gYUgcbU`m

The following projects are also exempt from the requirement to obtain a building permit but may still have planning requirements (Development Permits, etc) which the Planning Department will be happy to discuss:

A *new single story detached residential accessory building or structure* which isnot intended to be used for any "residential occupancy" (as defined in the BC Building Code) and which has a floor area not exceeding 10 sq. metres (107 sq.ft.) still requires to meet distance setbacks to property lines and existing buildings on property.

When do I call for inspections?

It is the responsibility of the permit holder to call the Building Department at certain stages of construction. In response to a request, the Building Official will visit the property and review those stages of construction.

When you receive a Building Permit the Building Official will provide a checklist of required inspections. If the Building Official intends to rely upon inspections carried out by a Registered Professional or a Land Surveyor, it will be noted in the checklist. All inspections to be completed by engineer before SAY Building Inspection

For scheduling reasons it is necessary to provide advance notice of at least one full business day for all inspections.

PLEASE GIVE 24 HRS NOTICE & CALL

SAY Building Inspector Andrew Sheedy 778-731-0776

PLEASE NOTE AM OR PM INSPECTIONS FROM 10AM TO 3PM

Types of Inspections:

The list of inspections required may vary for any particular project and this will be confirmed by the Building Official when a permit is issued. A schedule of inspections is issued with every building permit. The list may include:

Sitina

Footings Rainwater/Draintile & Dampproofing Elevation Under Slab Plumbing and/or Above

Rockpit Slab Plumbing

Water System Tests Sheathing

Insulation Framing Hydronic Heat

Masonry fireplace Vapour Barrier Moisture Barrier\Radon Rough-in

Occupancy and/or Final Woodstove & Chimney



SAY OFFICE:

7256 Chilliwack River Road, Chilliwack, BC V2R 4L9 Phone # 778-731-0776

Is it that easy?

Not always! The information provided with your Building Permit application is reviewed in an effort to determine the requirements for safe construction on your property and to ensure that the proposed construction meets minimum building standards as detailed in the current B.C. Building Code & SAY Laws. On the SAY LANDS, most sites are unique and unforeseen problems can mean a delay in the building permit process. Sometimes it is obvious that complications are going to arise. Your property may be located in a Development Permit Area and obtaining a Development Permit (a separate process) is a pre-requisite to obtaining a Building Permit. There may be other problems, however, which may not always be apparent when you first submit your application.

Step 2: Planning Review and Site Inspection

When your application is received, any information relevant to your property which the SAY Lands has on file will be reviewed.

A title search and a site inspection will also be carried out within 14 days of application. SAY Lands will only accept completed building permit application. Staff may advise if any other information is needed for the building permit application.

Examples of issues that may have to be resolved include:

- O **Building Schemes**—a building scheme registered on the title of your property may require the approval of your proposed design by a third party you may have to get that approval;
- **Covenants**—a covenant registered on the title may stipulate certain construction requirements or even restrict a use you may have to amend your proposal;
- O **Natural Hazards**—information on file or a site inspection may identify a natural hazard which could adversely affect your property you may have to provide a report from a suitably qualified engineer which certifies that the land is safe for the use intended;
- O **Conditions of Use**—the above report may specify conditions for the safe use of the proposed building if so, the Community Charter may require you to register a covenant on the title of the land:
- O **DVP**—the proposed siting of your building may conflict with zoning bylaw setback requirements you may have to amend your proposal or apply for a Development Variance Permit (DVP);
- O **Easements & Right-of-ways**—the proposed siting of your building may conflict with a registered easement or right of way you may have to amend your proposal;
- O *Floodplain*—your property may be located within a designated floodplain— a flood construction elevation may have to be determined.

Step 3: Plan Checking

Once your application is completed, the Building Official will carry out a detailed plan check. This might reveal Building Code deficiencies or a conflict with any of the development restrictions referred to above. It can be frustrating to discover these conflicts when you think you are about to start construction. You are encouraged, therefore, to learn as much about your property and any potential development restrictions well in advance of submitting your Building Permit application. SAY Lands staff are always willing to help in this regard.

What do I need for a building permit application?

Step 1: Making Application

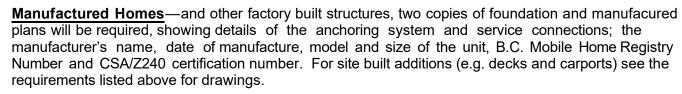
Application Form—1 page form signed by <u>all</u> registered owners of the property (application form available online at www.saylandsoffice.ca)

<u>Site Plan</u>—2 copies of a site plan (see page 4 for a sample), drawn to scale showing the location of all existing and proposed structures and all other site features as well as digital copy.

<u>Construction Drawings</u>—Two copies of construction drawings (see pages 4-5 for samples), drawn to scale, showing sufficient detail so that compliance with the B.C. Building Code and all other relevant laws and regulations may be assessed prior to commencement of work. In some cases the drawings will have to be signed and sealed by a Registered Professional. However, for most single family residential and some commercial construction, an architect or engineer is not required. Please include digital copy.

A typical set of construction drawings shall include:

- A foundation or basement plan;
- A floor plan for each level or story;
- Elevation drawings (all sides);-including spatial separation for openings all windows/doors
- Detailed cross sections;
- Details of specific construction i.e. truss layout, structural connections, etc.; and
- · General specifications, including use of the proposed structure



<u>Sew age Disposal System</u>—For any project which involves new construction or alteration of a sewage disposal system, a copy of a Record of Sewerage System Filing Form which has been accepted and date stamped by the First Nations Health Authority. To find an authorized registered professional see 1st page.

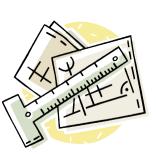
<u>Highways Access</u> —Where required by Provincial regulations, a copy of an Access Permit issued by the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure in the name of the registered owner.

<u>Hazards</u> —When constructing in a known floodplain or other hazard area, details of how specific construction requirements will be met. In some cases, the services of a Registered Professional may be required. Please ask at the SAY office for further information.

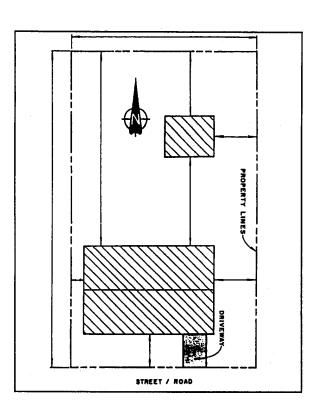
<u>BC Housing</u> -For new home construction, documentation from the Provincial Home Owner Protection Office is required. BC housing office may be contacted at 1-800-407-7757.

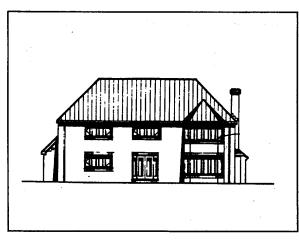
What does a building permit cost?

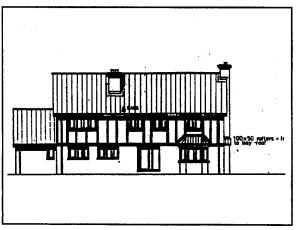
Building Permit fees and value of construction are calculated by the Building Official when issuing the permit in accordance with the Subdivision, Development and Servicing Law fee schedule. A copy of this schedule is available on request. The schedule forms part of the Subdivision, Development and Servicing Law which can be accessed online at www.saylandsoffice.ca



* NOTE ALL PLANS NEED TO INCLUE ADDRESS & CURRENT CODE CYCLE OF BC BC ON ALL PAGES OF PLANS*





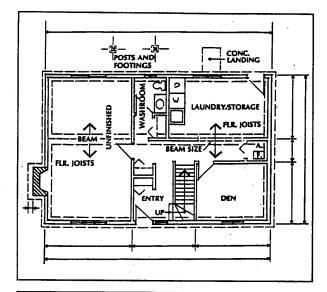


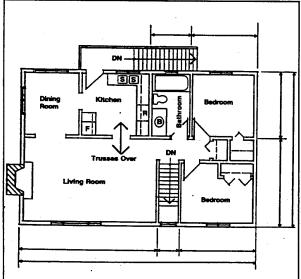
Site Plans

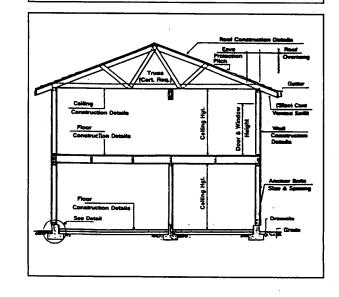
- These should be drawn to Scale (e.g. 1:200 or 1/16" = 1'0") and should include the following information:
- All property lines and a symbol indicating the "North" direction, legal description and civic address;
- Location and use of all proposed and existing structures; distance to building and all property lines;
- Location of watercourses, wells, sewage and storm water disposal systems; with distance from building;
- Distance from proposed structure to wells, watercourses, sewage disposal system, existing structures and property boundaries;
- Name and location of adjacent streets or roads.
 The location of any road allowances, right-of- ways
 and easements affecting the property. Driveway
 location.

Elevations

- These should be drawn to 1:50 or ½" = 1'0" scale and should include the following information:
- Front, side and rear faces of the building;
- Location of doors, windows, decks, finished grade, etc.;
- Location and size of building projections (i.e. overhangs, cantilevered floor sections, etc.)
- · All exterior finishes; and
- Roof slope, chimney height, height of finished floors and ceilings, etc.
- Provide all dimensions of openings, windows/doors on all elevations for spacial separation 9.10.14 and 9.10.15 current BC building







Foundation/Basement Plans

- These should be drawn to 1:50 or 1/4" = 1'0" scale and should include the following information:
- Layout of foundation walls, piers and footings;
- Proposed use for each room or space; Label each room
- Location of stairs, windows, equipment, plumbing fixtures, etc.:
- 'Size and location of load bearing walls and beams;
- Size and direction of floor joists; and
- All room and building dimensions.

Floor Plans

These should be drawn to 1:50 or $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1'0" scale and should include the following information

- · Location of all walls and partitions;
- Proposed uses of all rooms and spaces;
- Location and sizes of all doors and windows;
- Location of stairs, equipment, fixtures, cabinets, fireplaces, atticaccess, smoke alarms, etc.
- Size and direction of floor joists, ceiling joists or roof trusses;

and

Cross Sections

- These should be drawn to 1:50 or ½" = 1'0" scale and should include the following information:
- All building components (i.e. siding, roofing, insulation, interior finish, flooring, framing, foundation, size and location of load bearing walls and beams, etc.)
- All required dimensions (i.e. height of finished grade, height of ceiling, material sizes, etc.) and height of roof to grade
- All lumber grades and specifications, etc.

Note: Depending on the complexity of the building, more than one cross section may be required to adequately show the nature of the proposed construction.